



BRANSDALE DOUBLE SIDED

WOOD BURNING STOVE

INSTALLATION AND USER INSTRUCTIONS

Read these instructions carefully before installation and use.
These instructions should be retained by the user for future reference.

The Bransdale stove has a nominal heat output of 8kW. and a weight of 100 kg. The flue gas mass flow is 6.8g/s for wood logs. The mean flue gas temperature directly downstream of the flue spigot at nominal heat output is 313 degrees C.

The stove is designed as a closed appliance and is capable of intermittent operation.

The stove must be installed to comply with Health and Safety at Work Act 1974, and to all local Building Regulations, including those referring to National and European standards. These need to be complied with when installing the appliance.

CO Alarms:-Building regulations require that whenever a new or replacement fixed solid fuel or wood/biomass appliance is installed in a dwelling a carbon monoxide alarm must be fitted in the same room as the appliance. Further guidance on the installation of the carbon monoxide alarm is available in BS EN 50292:2002 and from the alarm manufacturer's instructions.

Provision of an alarm must not be considered a substitute for either installing the appliance correctly or ensuring regular servicing and maintenance of the appliance and chimney system.

UNPACK THE STOVE

Carefully cut the straps and lift the box up over the top of the stove. Remove the packing from round the outside of the stove, **leaving the plastic cover on if building work is still in progress - it is important to protect the paint finish from any damage, water, dust or fire cement.** Using a 17mm spanner, remove the two bolts attaching the stove to the pallet, and then replace the bolts into the stove legs, these are used as leveling bolts if required. Open the stove door and remove the packaging from inside the stove, there is some behind the baffle, Remove the bag inside the ash pan; this contains the operating tool, instructions, stove handle cover and a pair of stove gloves.

CLEARANCES

The Bransdale is to be sited next to and on a non-combustible surface. A minimum clearance of 150mm at the sides and 300mm above the stove body will allow air circulation and not impede the performance of the stove. If it is necessary to site the stove near a combustible surface a minimum of 350mm in front of both doors and 450mm at the sides and 400mm above must be maintained. This appliance is to be installed on a solid, level, non-combustible hearth extending 300mm in front of the stove and conforming to current Building Regulations. The Bransdale Double sided has been tested for hearth temperatures and the maximum temperature was 69 degrees C so is also suitable for a 12mm hearth.

INSTALLATION

A minimum flue draught of 24 Pa is required for nominal heat output. The Appliance must be installed on a floor with an adequate load-bearing capacity. If an existing construction doesn't meet the prerequisite, suitable measures (e.g. load distributing plate) shall be taken to achieve it.

As referred to in document J in the Building Regulations, The Bransdale requires 1650 sq. mm of fixed ventilation. It is important that any inlet grilles are so positioned that they are not liable to blockage. It is essential that the stove has adequate air supply for combustion and ventilation. Apertures provided for this purpose shall not be restricted.

The Bransdale requires a Class 1 chimney of its own; a shared chimney will not be suitable. The chimney must be sound, free from leaks and swept before installation. If the chimney requires lining, a lining must be used which is suitable for wood and solid fuel, with a minimum of 150mm internal diameter.

A metre of flue pipe should be used from the stove before the chimney lining, and the lining must be installed to manufacturer's instructions. Alternatively, if there is no chimney, then an insulated stainless steel flue may be used, to BS EN 15287-1:2007 + A1:2010 with a minimum of 150mm internal diameter, and must be installed to manufacturer's instructions and to relevant Building Regulations. The length of the chimney or flue must be at least 4.5 metres from the top of the stove, and must finish in a down draught free area. A stove must not be installed into a room where there is an extractor fan, or fumes could be pulled down the chimney.

It is essential to provide a facility for sweeping the chimney, and this may be done by installing a soot door in the brickwork, or providing an access plate in the register plate or flue pipe

Connect the stove to the chimney using vitreous enameled flue pipe from the top of the stove. Horizontal flue must be kept to a minimum, no more than 150mm is allowed. Make sure that all joints and connections are well sealed.

When installation is complete, allow a suitable time for fire cement and mortar to dry, light a fire and make sure all joints are sealed.

The stove is painted with a high temperature paint finish. The paint will be cured when most surfaces have reached about 246 degrees C. During this burn off period you will notice an unpleasant smell; you should not touch or wipe the paint during this period as it will be soft and may mark. The room should be well ventilated; children and pets should be kept away.

Do not use water to clean the stove, either before or after it is cured.

LIGHTING THE STOVE

When ready to light the stove for the first time, make sure that everything is removed from the ash pan, and open the spin wheels at the bottom and top of the stove to let air in under the grate. First burn some newspaper in the stove, with the door closed, to warm the flue, as there may be down draught initially. The temperature in the flue has to be increased to change the down draught to up draught. If down draught persists, try burning a blow torch in the stove, facing the flue for a minute or two. If there is a soot door fitted, try warming the flue through the soot door. If this does not work, call in your installer. If the stove has not been lit for a while, the chimney should be checked for blockages before lighting.

When ready to light the stove, put a small piece of fire lighter, about 25mm square is big enough, and then add small sticks, taking care not to smother the flames. When the sticks are well alight add small logs, gradually increasing the size. Once the fire is well Established and hot the bottom spin wheels can be closed, and the fire can be controlled from the top air controls, without having to bend down. The spin wheels do become hot, so

use a glove or the tool provided to open or close the air vents, they only need moving slightly to open or close the air gap. A stove handle cover is included with the stove – place the black cover over the handle when opening and closing the door, then remove and leave near the stove.

The appliance will give more heat output with increased air supply, so the controls can be adjusted to increase or decrease the burning rate of the fuel, as desired.

This appliance is hot whilst in operation. Keep children and furniture a safe distance away.

In the presence of children, elderly or infirm people a fireguard should be used. The fireguard should be manufactured in accordance with BS 8423:2002 – Fireguards for use with solid fuel appliances.

User warning - parts become very hot while the stove is running so should not be touched with bare hands. The special operating tool, stove handle cover and a pair of gloves are provided for operation of the hot stove.

To close the stove down, close the bottom spin wheels and the top spin wheels. Depending on the fuel and the amount of draught in the chimney, it may be necessary to leave the top vents open slightly to allow the glass to burn clean, and it may be necessary to leave a small amount of air through the bottom air vents.

DO NOT OPEN THE BOTTOM SPIN WHEELS WITH THE TOP ONES CLOSED, THIS WILL DAMAGE THE GLASS.

When all the spin wheels are closed, the glass may become black because the clean burn will be shut off. To burn the glass clean, make a good fire to get the stove hot, close the bottom vents and leave the top spin wheels open.

The appliance is designed to operate efficiently with the fire door closed. The door should be kept closed at all times, except when refueling or removing ashes.

TO RE-FUEL THE STOVE

Open all air vents and then open the stove door gently, using the stove gloves. Put more logs on the stove and close the door. Do not over fill the firebox, maximum filling height 100mm. Allow the fire to burn through before closing the bottom spin wheels and then close the top spin wheels as much as required.

FUELS

This appliance has been tested using seasoned wood logs, the logs need to be dry, seasoned logs, i.e. no more than 20% moisture content, maximum log length up to 440mm. Small pieces of kiln dried timber can burn very hot, take care that the fire does not get out of control.

WARNING – USING A NON APPROVED FUEL MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE STOVE AND WILL NOT BE COVERED BY OUR GUARANTEE. WOOD NEEDS TO BE DRY AND SEASONED (MAXIMUM 20% MOISTURE CONTENT) DO NOT BURN ANY LIQUID FUEL. DO NOT BURN WOOD PELLETS. DO NOT BURN WOOD CHIPS. DO NOT BURN ANY RUBBISH ON THE STOVE. DO NOT USE HOUSEHOLD COAL, HIGH PETROLEUM BASED FUELS, PETROCOKE, COSY COKE, EXCEL, PUREHEAT, NEWHEAT, BURNWELL OR ANTHRACITE. (A COMPREHENSIVE LIST OF APPROVED FUELS FOR CLOSED APPLIANCES IS AVAILABLE ON THE HETAS WEBSITE)

Suitable manufactured smokeless fuels approved by Hetas for use in closed stoves include Homefire Ovals, Phurnacite, Taybrite, Multiheat, Brazier, Ancit, Briteheat and Ecoal 50.

CLEANING THE STOVE AND FLUE

The grate is a fixed grate, so use a poker to move ash into the ash pan. It is important to remove the ashes regularly, if the ash builds up through the grate, the grate could overheat and distort.

Open the fire door with the stove glove provided, and using the tool, gently pull out the ash pan a little way. Then remove the tool and slot it in from the top of the slot in the middle of the ash pan. The tool will then have a firm grip on the ash pan. Carefully carry the ashes out to dispose of them, or use a ‘Tippy’ or similar ash carrier.

When the stove is being used regularly, it will be necessary to remove the baffle once a year to clean any debris that may have collected there. The chimney/flue should be swept and checked every year. The glass on the stove door can be cleaned (when the glass is cool), using a damp cloth, or sponge pan scrubber for any stubborn marks. Stove glass cleaner may be used if required.

The body of the stove can be brushed with a soft brush, do not use water on the paint work. If, in time, the body of the stove needs touching up, a touch-up aerosol of paint, the same as originally used in the factory, can be obtained from your supplier.

Warning – do not use an aerosol spray near the stove when the stove is alight.

This appliance should be regularly maintained by a competent service engineer.

There must be no unauthorised modification of the appliance. Any replacement parts must be recommended by the Manufacturer.

If the stove is to be left unused for a prolonged period of time then it should be given a thorough clean to remove ash and unburned fuel residues. To enable a good flow of air through the appliance to reduce condensation and subsequent damage, leave the air controls fully open.

It is important that the flue connection, any appliance baffles or throat plates and the chimney are swept prior to lighting up after a prolonged shutdown period.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

1. The stove is not burning well.

The stove may need more fuel loading - load more fuel, see 'lighting the stove'
The wood may be un-seasoned or damp - avoid using unsuitable wood.

The chimney may need sweeping, or there may be a build up of debris above the baffle - see 'Cleaning the Stove and Flue'

There may not be the required flue draught in the chimney/flue. In this case a longer chimney pot may help, or there may be a blockage in the flue.

2. Smoke is coming into the room.

There may be down draught conditions, see paragraph 1 of 'Lighting the Stove'. If it is not possible to stop the down draught by warming the flue as described, it is advisable to leave the stove unlit and test conditions later.

3. The stove is burning too hot.

Make sure the stove door is closed properly, and check that all spin wheels are closed. Check the rope seal on the door. If this needs replacing the bespoke ceramic rope and heatproof adhesive can be obtained from your approved dealer the stove was originally purchased from.

WARNING NOTE

Properly installed, operated and maintained this stove will not emit fumes into the dwelling. Occasional fumes from de-ashing and re-fuelling may occur. However, persistent fume emission is potentially dangerous and must not be tolerated. If fume emission does persist, then the following immediate action should be taken:-

- (a) Open doors and windows to ventilate the room and then leave the premises.
- (b) Let the fire go out.
- (c) Check for flue or chimney blockage and clean if required.
- (d) Do not attempt to relight the fire until the cause of the fume emission has been identified and corrected. If necessary seek expert advice.

The most common cause of fume emission is flueway or chimney blockage. For your own safety these must be kept clean at all times.

IN CASE OF A CHIMNEY FIRE –

CLOSE ALL AIR VENTS IF POSSIBLE.

MAKE SURE THERE IS NOTHING COMBUSTIBLE NEAR THE STOVE.

MOVE PEOPLE AWAY FROM THE ROOM.

CLOSE THE ROOM DOOR

PHONE THE FIRE BRIGADE.

COMMISSIONING AND HANDOVER INSTRUCTIONS

Ensure all parts are fitted in accordance with the instructions.

On completion of the installation allow a suitable period of time for any fire cement and mortar to dry out, before lighting the stove.

Once the stove is under fire check all seals for soundness and check that the flue is functioning correctly and that all products of combustion are vented safely to atmosphere via the chimney terminal.

On completion of the installation and commissioning ensure that the operating instructions for the stove are left with the customer.

Ensure to advise the customer on the correct use of the appliance and operating tools and warn them to use only the recommended fuel for the stoves.

Advise the user what to do should smoke or fumes be emitted from the stove.

The customer should be warned to use a fireguard to BS8423:2002 in the presence of children, elderly and / or infirm persons.

ISSUE No. 3 30/08/2017

Product Fiche	
Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/1187	
Energy Labelling of Local Space Heaters	
Supplier`s Name or Trademark:	Town & Country Fires
Suppliers Model Identifier:	Bransdale Double
Energy Efficiency Class of Model:	A
Nominal Heat Output to Room (kW):	8.0
Nominal Heat Output to Water (kW):	n/a
Net Efficiency (%):	75.6
Energy Efficiency Index (%):	100

The Town and Country Fires Guarantee

Town and Country Fires Ltd guarantee the quality of workmanship of their multi fuel stoves for twelve months from the date of purchase.

Stoves must be installed to current Building Regulations, National and European Standards and per our Installation / User instructions supplied with the stove. Installation must be carried out by a competent installer.

Using a non-approved fuel may cause damage to the stove and will not be covered by our guarantee, Wood needs to be dry and seasoned (maximum 20% moisture content).

Usage of our multi fuel stoves should be as per our Installation / User Instructions provided with the stove.

Any warranty claim requires Proof of defective workmanship and delivery of the defective product to our factory within twelve months of the date of purchase.

Parts which are classed as consumables and are excluded from our Guarantee include;

Grates, Fire Bricks, Baffles, Fuel Guards, Ash Pan, Glass, Door / Glass Seals and Paint.

Claims under this guarantee should be made through the Approved Town and Country Dealer the appliance was originally purchased from.

Please complete the enclosed form in full to validate your guarantee, and extend the guarantee from one year to ten years. Please note the extended guarantee is only valid when your stove was purchased from a Local Approved Town and Country Dealer and not a third party reseller.

Town and Country Fires are not liable for any incidental loss, damage or injury, however caused.

This Guarantee is only applicable in the UK.

This Guarantee does not affect your statutory rights.

Please keep this page for your future reference.

Issue No. 01 01/03/2010